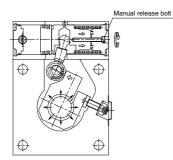
Cylinder with Lock *CLS Series* ø125, ø140, ø160, ø180, ø200, ø250



A locking cylinder ideal emergency stops and

Manual unlocking function

Even if the air supply is cut off or discharged, the lock can be released by screwing in the manual release bolt (hexagon socket head cap screw).



Design minimizes influences of unlocking air quality

A design largely unaffected by factors such as moisture and drainage in compressed air has been realized by separating the lock mechanism and the brake cylinder.

Can be locked in both directions

An equal holding force can be obtained on either reciprocating stroke of the cylinder.

Short body lock unit

Overall length has been reduced by using an independent brake cylinder (-15% compared to previous series). Weight reduction has also been realized through parts simplification (max. -40% compared to previous series).

Cylinder with Lock

CLS Series ^{0125, 0140, 0160, 0180, 0200, 0250}

()

Steady holding force

Outstanding durability and steady holding force are maintained by using a brake shoe with superior wear resistance.

for intermediate stops, drop prevention.

Lock unit switch

By providing a switch on the brake

cylinder, the operating state of the

lock unit (brake piston) can be

detected using the switch signal.

Lock unit

0

are mountable. Small auto switches can also be CLJ2 mounted on the cylinder unit. Solid state auto switch D-M9, D-M9 W. CLM2 D-M9 CLG1 Reed auto switch D-A9 Magnetic field resistar CL1 auto switch D-P3DWA MLGC CNG MNB CNA2 CNS CLS CLQ RLO MI U MLGP Fail safe construction ML1C Since the mechanism locks when air

Small auto switches

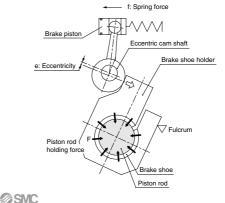
Since the mechanism locks when air pressure is exhausted, safe operation is possible even when there is a failure in the air supply or power supply, etc.

Construction principle

Uses an energizing mechanism based on the wedge effect of the eccentric cam shaft and the lever principle of the shoe holder.

Maintenance simplified

The lock monitor makes it possible to confirm the operating state of the lock unit (brake piston) and the state of wear for each part, providing a guide for maintenance.





CLS Series Model Selection

Caution on Model Selection

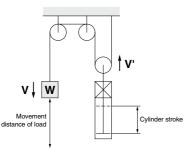
▲ Caution

intermediate stops.

 In order that the originally selected maximum speed is not exceeded, be certain to use a speed controller and adjust if so that movement through the total movement distance of the load takes place in no less than the applicable movement time. The movement time is the time that is necessary for the load to travel the total movement distance from the start without any

 In cases where the cylinder stroke and the movement distance of the load are different (double speed mechanism, etc.), use the movement distance of the load for selection purposes.





3. Shown below is an example of a model selection procedure for an intermediate stop application (including an emergency stop in operation). Only when locking in a drop prevention application, when no kinetic energy is applied, the maximum load mass should be determined by using graphs 5 through 7 on page 981 (taking into consideration the upper limit of the load mass at a maximum speed of 100 mm/s).

Selection Example

- Load mass: m = 320 kg
- Movement distance: st = 400 mm
- Movement time: t = 2 s
- Load condition: Vertical downward = Load in direction of rod extension
- Operating pressure: P = 0.4 MPa

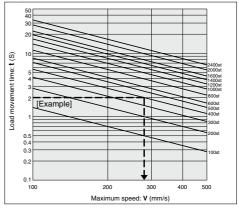
Step 1: From graph 1 find the maximum movement speed of the load ∴ Maximum speed V: approx. 280 mm/s

- Step 2: Select Graph 6 based upon the load condition and operating pressure, and then from the intersection of the maximum speed V = 280 mm/s found in Step 1, and the load mass m = 320 kg
 - ∴ ø140→ select a CLS140 or larger bore size.

Step 1 Find the maximum load speed: V.

Find the maximum load speed: V (mm/s) from the load movement time: $t\ (s)$ and the movement distance: $st\ (mm).$

Graph 1

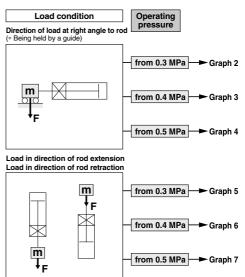


Step 2

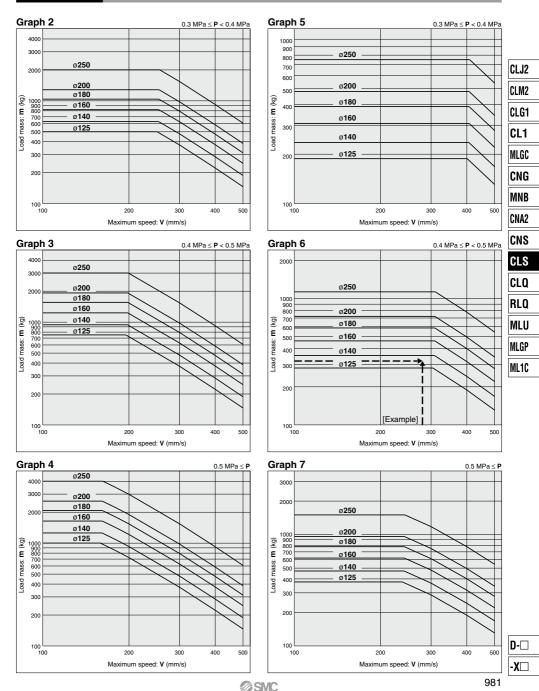
SMC

Find the cylinder bore size.

Select a graph based upon the load condition and operating pressure, and then find the point of intersection for the maximum speed found in Step 1 and the load mass. Select the bore size on the line above the point of intersection.

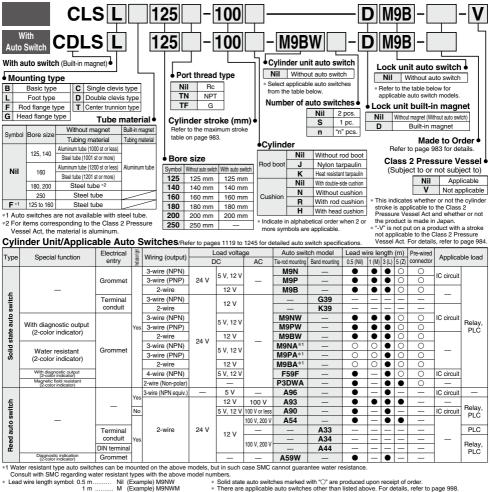


Selection Graph



Cylinder with Lock Double Acting, Single Rod **CLS** Series ø125, ø140, ø160, ø180, ø200, ø250





3 m

L (Example) M9NWL Z (Example) M9NWZ

For details about auto switches with pre-wired connector, refer to pages 1192 and 1193. D-A9□/M9□/M9□/M/B0_A/P3DWA□ auto switches are shipped together (not assembled)

(Only auto switch brackets are assembled at the time of shipment.)

5 m Lock Unit/Applicable Auto Switches

Auto switch	Special	oright	Wiring (output)		Load voltage		Load voltage Auto switch model		Lead wire length (m)				Applicable load		1
type	function	Indicator	wining (output)	D	C	AC	AC Auto switch model 0		Auto switch model 0.5 (Nil) 1 (M) 3 (L)		5 (Z)	(Z) Applicable load			
			3-wire (NPN)		5 V. 12 V		M9N	•	•	۲	0	IC circuit	Delaw	1	
Solid state		Yes	3-wire (PNP)		5 V, 12 V	-	M9P	•	•	•	0	IC CIICUIL	Relay, PLC		
	Grommet			24 V	12 V	1	M9B	•	•	۰	0	-	1.50		
Reed		No	2-wire		5 V, 12 V	100 V or less	A90		-	۲	—	IC circuit	Relay,	*D si	
need		Yes			12 V	100 V	A93		•	۲	—	-	PLĊ	tc	

-A9□/M9□ auto witches are shipped ogether (not assembled).



Cylinder Specifications

	1.
0	

Made to Order Click here for details

Symbol	Specifications
-XA□	Change of rod end type
-XC3	Special port location
-XC14	Change of trunnion bracket mounting position (125, 140, 160 only)
-XC35	With coil scraper (125, 140, 160 only)*

* Ø180 to Ø250 come with a coil scraper as standard.

Stopping Accuracy

			Unit: mm				
	Piston speed (mm/s)						
Lock type	100	300	500				
Spring lock	±0.5	±1.0	±2.0				

Conditions:

Horizontal, Supply pressure P = 0.5 MPa

Class 2 Pressure Vessel

A Class 2 Pressure Vessel will be required for strokes exceeding those shown below.

Bore size (mm)	Cylinder stroke (mm)
180	1569
200	998
250	813

Refer to pages 995 to 998 for cylinders with auto switches.

Minimum auto switch mounting stroke

Proper auto switch mounting stroke

(detection at stroke end) and mounting height

Operating range

Switch mounting bracket: Part no.

Rod Boot Material

Symbol	Material	Max. ambient temperature
J	Nylon tarpaulin	20°C
к	Heat resistant tarpaulin	110°C*

* Maximum ambient temperature for the rod boot itself.

Bore size (mm)	125	140	160	180	200	250
Туре			Not required	d (Non-lube)		
Fluid			A	ir		
Proof pressure			1.57 MPa	1.2 MPa*		
Max. operating pressure			0.97 MPa	0.7 MPa*		
Min. operating pressure			0.08	MPa		
Piston speed	50 to 500 mm/s**					
Cushion	Yes					
Ambient and fluid	W	ithout auto	switch: 0°C	to 70°C ,		
temperature		With auto s	switch: 0°C swiatch: 0°C	to 60°C ^{(W}	ith no freez	zing)
Stroke length tolerance	to 2	250: ^{+1.0} , 2 1501 to	51 to 1000: 2000: +2.2	^{+1.4} , 1001 2001 to 24	to 1500: ⁺¹ 00: ^{+2.6}	.8 ,
Mounting Basic type, Foot type, Rod flange type, Head flange type, Single clevis type, Double clevis type, Center trunnion type						
For ø180 and ø200 with auto switcl	hes.					

** There are load limitations depending on the piston speed when locked, the mounting method, and the operating pressure.

Lock Specifications

Bore size (mm)	125	140	160	180	200	250		
Locking action	Spring locking (exhaust locking)							
Unlocking pressure	0.25 MPa or more							
Locking pressure	0.20 MPa or less							
Max. operating pressure	1.0 MPa							
Locking direction	Both directions							
Holding force (max. static load) kN*	8.4	10.5	13.8	17.4	21.5	33.6		

* The holding force (max. static load) shows the maximum capability and does not show the normal holding capability. So, select an appropriate cylinder while referring to page 980.

Cylinder Stroke

			Unit: mm
ube material	Aluminum alloy	Carbon steel t	ube
Bore size (mm)	Basic type, Head flange type, Single clevis type, Double clevis type, Center trunnion type, Foot type, Rod flange type	Basic type, Head flange type, Single clevis type, Double clevis type, Center trunnion type	Foot type Rod flange type
125, 140	1000 or less	1000 or less	1600 or less
160	1200 or less	1200 or less	1600 or less
180	_	1200 or less	2000 or less
200	_	1200 or less Note)	2000 or less
250	_	1200 or less	2400 or less

Note) The tubing material of items with a bore size of 180 and 200 corresponding to the Class 2 Pressure Vessel Act is aluminum tubing.

Cvlinder Stroke/Auto Switch

Mounting on Cylinder Unit (Built-in Magnet)

Refer to the minimum auto switch mounting stroke (page 996) for those with an auto switch.

		Unit: mm
Bore size (mm)	Basic type, Head flange type, Single clevis type, Double clevis type, Center trunnion type	Foot type Rod flange type
125, 140	1000 or less	1400 or less
160	1200 or less	1400 or less
180	1200 or less	1500 or less
200	998 or less	998 or less
Note	For ø200, 998 to 1200 strokes are available as made to order.	For ø200, 998 to 1500 strokes are available as made to order.

Mounting Bracket Part No.

Bore size (mm)	125	140	160	180	200	250
Foot type Note 1)	CS1-L12	CS1-L14	CS1-L16	CS1-L18	CS1-L20	CS1-L25
Rod flange type Note 2)	CS1-FL12	CS1-FL14	CS1-FL16	CS1-FL18	CS1-FL20	CS1-FL25
Head flange type	CS1-F12	CS1-F14	CS1-F16	CS1-F18	CS1-F20	CS1-F25
Single clevis type	CS1-C12	CS1-C14	CS1-C16	CS1-C18	CS1-C20	CS1-C25
Double clevis Note 3)	CS1-D12	CS1-D14	CS1-D16	CS1-D18	CS1-D20	CS1-D25

Note 1) When ordering foot brackets, 2 pcs. should be ordered for each cylinder. Note 2) e 125 to e250 front flange types use CS1 series long stroke flanges. Note 3) A clevis pin and cotter pins (2 pcs.) are packed with the double clevis type. CLG1 CL1 MLGC CNG CNG CNA2 CNA2 CNA2 CNA2 CNA2 CNA2 CNA2 CLS CLQ RLQ MLU MLGP ML1C

SMC

D-🗆

-X□

CLS Series

Accessories

Mounting	g brackets	Basic type	Foot type	Rod flange type	Head flange type	Single clevis type		Center trunnion type
Standard equipment	Clevis pin	-	-	-	-	-	•	_
	Rod end nut	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	•	٠
Individual parts	Single knuckle joint	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
pans	Double knuckle joint (with pin)	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Options	With rod boot	٠	٠	•	٠	٠	•	•

* Refer to the accessory models and dimensions on page 993.

Weight/Numbers inside () are for steel tube

Unit: kg

	Dava sina (mm)	105	140	100	100	000	050	
	Bore size (mm)	125	140	160	180	200	250	
	Lock unit weight	9.40	11.37	16.93	26.20	36.4	61.70	
	Basic type	23.49 (24.96)	28.30 (30.11)	40.87 (43.08)	57.30 (63.91)	75.46 (82.01)	 (138.94)	
	Foot type	25.12 (26.59)	30.82 (32.63)	43.67 (45.88)	61.50 (68.11)	80.34 (86.89)	 (148.44)	
Basic weight	Flange type	26.17 (27.64)	33.30 (35.11)	47.26 (49.47)	67.13 (73.74)	87.37 (93.92)	 (160.78)	
	Single clevis type	26.56 (28.03)	32.59 (34.40)	46.36 (48.57)	65.69 (72.30)	85.36 (91.91)	 (157.33)	
	Double clevis type (includes clevis pin & cotter pin)	27.02 (28.49)	33.34 (35.15)	47.21 (49.42)	67.37 (73.98)	87.39 (93.94)	 (160.52)	
	Center trunnion type	27.62 (29.09)	34.03 (35.84)	48.27 (50.48)	68.46 (75.07)	89.45 (96.00)	 (166.78)	
	Additional weight r 100 mm of stroke	1.77 (2.66)	1.96 (3.01)	2.39 (3.58)	2.85 (4.95)	3.42 (5.75)	 (9.08)	
ries	Single knuckle	0.91	1.16	1.56	3.07	2.90	5.38	
Accessories	Double knuckle (with pin)	1.37	1.81	2.48	4.74	4.59	9.22	
Acc	Rod end nut	0.16	0.16	0.23	0.33	0.56	1.01	

Calculation (Ex.) CLSL140-100

Regulations/Class 2 Pressure Vessel Act

The air cylinder uses the compressed air, but may become applicable to the regulations depending on the cylinder size.

So, please fully understand the regulations before using the cylinder.

Regulations regarding Class 2 Pressure Vessel

 As specified in Articles 42 and 44 of the Industrial Safety and Health Act, the individual examination shall be conducted in conformity with the Class 2 Pressure Vessel Act. If the pressure vessel structure does not satisfy the Class 2 Pressure Vessel Act, it shall not be transferred, leased or installed.

2. About Class 2 Pressure Vessel

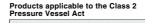
The Class 2 Pressure Vessel is a vessel (except for Class 1 Pressure Vessel) that contains the gas with a gauge pressure of 0.2 MPa or more and satisfies the conditions shown below.

1 Vessel with an inside capacity of 0.04 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{m}^3}$ or more

② Vessel with a shell inside diameter of 200 mm or more and a length of 1000 mm or more (extracted from Article 1-7 of the Industrial Safety and Health Act.)

The following shows SMC products that are applicable to the Class 2 Pressure Vessel Act.

Construction Principle



If the stroke exceeds the level shown below,
the cylinder is applicable to the Class 2
Pressure Vessel Act.

Bore size (mm)	Cylinder stroke (mm)						
180	1569						
200	998						
250	813						
300	564						

3 Periodical Self Inspection

As specified in Article 45 of the Industrial Safety and Health Act, it is obligated to conduct the periodical self inspection of the product applicable to the Class 2 Pressure Vessel Act and keep the inspection records when using it. (Related laws: Articles 88 and 89 of the Ordinance on Safety of Boilers and Pressure Vessels) After the use of the product applicable to the Class 2 Pressure Vessel As been started, the self inspection of the following points is conducted once a year and the inspection results are recorded.

- 1 Check the main body for damage.
- 2 Check the lid tightening bolt for wear.
- 3 Check the pipe and valve for damage.

4 Products not applicable to the Class 2 Pressure Vessel Act

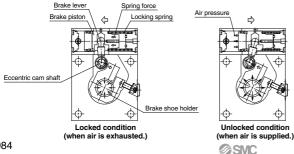
According to Articles 13 and 14 of the Industrial Safety and Health Act, when it is obvious that the product is not used in Japan, it is not necessary to examine the product in conformity with the Class 2 Pressure Vessel Act. Additionally, when it is obvious that the product is not used in Japan, the product is exempted from the machine applicable to Articles 42 and 44 of the Industrial Safety and Health Act.

Please order the air cylinder with "-V" put at the end of the part number.

(The symbol "-V" is not put on a product with a stroke not applicable to the Class 2 Pressure Vessel Act.)

The cylinders manufactured in SMC overseas factories are not examined in conformity with the Class 2 Pressure Vessel Act. When using the cylinder in Japan, be sure to use the cylinder made in Japan that has been examined in conformity with the Class 2 Pressure Vessel Act.

5 A safety valve is installed on the upstream side of the piping so that any pressure exceeding the maximum operating pressure of the cylinder applicable to the Class 2 Pressure Vessel Act is not applied.



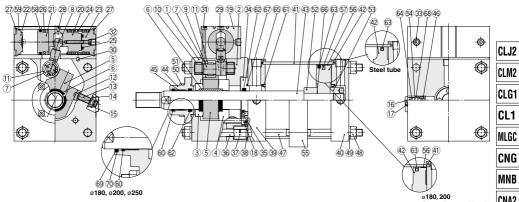
Spring locking (exhaust locking)

The brake piston actuated by the force of the spring turns the eccentric carn shaft via the brake lever. This turning force distorts the brake shoe holder due to the wedge effect of the carn, acting on the brake shoe and locking the piston rod by tightening on it with a large force.

Unlocking occurs when air pressure is supplied to the unlocking port, causing the brake piston to counteract the force of the spring and push the brake lever back. This removes the force which is distorting the shoe holder and unlocks the piston rod.

^{**} Refer to page 994 when the rod end nut, and the single and double knuckle joints are used together.

Construction



Component Parts

No.	Description	Material	Note
1	Cover A	Aluminum alloy	Black hard anodized (ø125, ø140, ø160)
	Cover A	Aluminum alloy	Hard anodized & coated (ø180, ø200, ø250)
2	Cover B	Aluminum alloy	Black hard anodized (ø125, ø140, ø160)
	COVELD	, adminiant datoy	Hard anodized & coated (ø180, ø200, ø250)
3	Thrust washer A	Carbon steel	Electroless nickel plated (ø125, ø140, ø160)
	Thrust washer A	Ourbon see	Special treatment (ø180, ø200, ø250)
4	Thrust washer B	Carbon steel	Electroless nickel plated (ø125, ø140, ø160)
5	Brake shoe holder A	Chromium molybdenum steel	Special treatment
6	Brake shoe	Special friction material	
7	Eccentric cam shaft	Special steel	
8	Brake lever	Chromium molybdenum steel	Zinc chromated
9	Washer	Carbon steel	Zinc chromated
10	Needle bearing	-	
11	Needle bearing	-	
12	Stopper	Special steel	Electroless nickel plated
13	Adjustment screw	Chromium molybdenum steel	Zinc chromated
14	Conical spring washer	Spring steel	
15	U nut	Carbon steel	
16	Cover	Steel plate	Black zinc chromated
17	Cover holding screw	Carbon steel	
18	Cover holding bolt	Chromium molybdenum steel	
19	Brake tube	Aluminum alloy	Clear hard anodized
20	Brake piston A	Carbon steel	Nitriding
21	Brake piston B	Aluminum alloy	Chromated
22	Bottom plate	Aluminum alloy	Black anodized
23	Spring collar	Aluminum alloy	Black anodized
24	Brake spring	Steel wire	Zinc chromated
25	Bumper B	Polyurethane rubber	
26	Magnet	_	(Built-in magnet for lock unit)
27	Retaining ring	Carbon tool steel	Phosphate coated
28	Marker	Resin	White
29	Trim plate	Resin	
30	Key	Carbon steel	
31	Brake tube holding bolt	Chromium molybdenum steel	
32	Manual release bolt	Chromium molybdenum steel	
33	Plug with breathing hole	-	
34	Retaining plate B	Aluminum alloy	
35	Retaining plate holding bolt	Chromium molybdenum steel	
36	Unit holding tie-rod	Carbon steel	Chromated
37	Wing nut	Carbon steel	
38	Conical spring washer	Spring steel	
39	Rod cover	Rolled steel plate	Black coated
40	Head cover	Rolled steel plate	Black coated
	a.r	Aluminum alloy	Hard anodized (ø125 to ø200)
41	Cylinder tube	Carbon steel pipe	Hard chrome plated (ø125 to ø250)
	1		

com	ponent Parts		ø180, 200 Class 2 Pressure Vessel		
No.	Description	Material	Note		
42	Distan	Aluminum alloy casting	In case of aluminum tube		
42	Piston	Cast iron	In case of steel tube		
43	Piston rod	Carbon steel	Hard chrome plated		
44	Retaining plate	Cast iron	Black coated (ø125, ø140, ø160		
45	Bushing	Bearing alloy			
46	Valve guide	Brass			
47	Tie-rod	Carbon steel	Chromated		
48	Tie-rod nut	Rolled steel plate			
49	Spring washer	Steel wire			
50	Retaining plate bolt	Chromium molybdenum steel			
51	Spring washer	Steel wire			
52	Cushion ring A	Rolled steel	Zinc chromated		
53	Cushion ring B	Rolled steel	Zinc chromated		
54	Cushion valve	Rolled steel	Electroless nickel plated		
55	Tie-rod reinforcement ring	Rolled steel	Black coated (long stroke)		
56	Wear ring	Resin	In case of aluminum tube		
57	Magnet	_	For built-in magnet type		
58	Piston seal	NBR			
59	Tube gasket	NBR			
60	Wiper ring	NBR			
61	Cushion seal	NBR			
62	Rod seal	NBR			
63	Piston seal	NBR			
64	Valve seal	NBR			
65	Tube gasket	NBR			
66	Piston gasket	NBR			
67	Retaining plate gasket	NBR			
68	Guide gasket	NBR			
69	Coil scraper	Phosphor bronze	(ø180, ø200, ø250)		
70	Coil scraper holder	Aluminum alloy	Black anodized (ø180, ø200, ø250)		
Repla	acement Parts: Sea	,			
<u> </u>	sizo (mm) Ordor		Contonte		

Bore size (mm)	Order No.	Contents
125	CLS125-PS	
140	CLS140-PS	
160	CLS160-PS	A set of above Nos.
180	CLS180-PS	0, 62, 63, 64, 65 & 67
200	CLS200-PS	
250	CLS250-PS	

* Since the lock section for CLS series is normally replaced as a unit, replacement seal kits are for the cylinder section only.

** Seal kits are sets consisting of items (0, 02, 63, 64, 65) and (0, which can be ordered using the order number for each cylinder bore size.

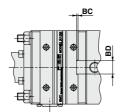
* Seal kit includes a grease pack (o125 to o160: 40 g, o180, o200: 50 g, o250: 60 g). Order with the following part number when only the grease pack is needed. Grease pack part no.: GR-S-010 (10 g), GR-S-020 (20 g) D-🗆

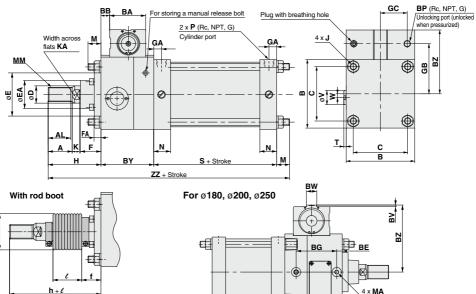


CLS Series

Dimensions

Basic type/(B)





Effective thread depth I (for holding eyebolt)	ЛB

																																(1	mm)
Bore size (mm)	Stroke range (mm)	A	AL	в	ва	вв	вс	вD	BE	BG	ΒΥ	вz	вv	вw	BP	с	D	Е	EA	F	FA	GA	GВ	GC	н	J	к	KA	м	ММ	MA	мв	Ν
125	Up to 1000	50	47	145	75	18	—	—	—	—	110	136	-	—	1/4	115	36	90	59	43	14	16	107	58	110	M14 x 1.5	15	31	27	M30 x 1.5	—	-	35
140	Up to 1000	50	47	161	78	18	3	30	—	-	110	146	-	—	1/4	128	36	90	59	43	14	16	114	64	110	M14 x 1.5	15	31	27	M30 x 1.5	—	—	35
160	Up to 1200	56	53	182	95	23	5	46	-	—	132	169	-	—	1/4	144	40	90	59	43	14	18.5	130	74	120	M16 x 1.5	17	36	30.5	M36 x 1.5	-	-	39
180	Up to 1200	63	60	204	106	36	—	—	16	118	167	195	5	30	3/8	162	45	115	70	48	17	18.5	149	86	135	M18 x 1.5	20	41	35	M40 x 1.5	M12 x 1.75	25	39
200	Up to 1200	63	60	226	124	40.5	—	—	21	131	187	216	5.5	34	3/8	182	50	115	74	48	17	18.5	165	97	135	M20 x 1.5	20	46	35	M45 x 1.5	M16 x 2	31	39
250	Up to 1200	71	67	277	152	58	—	—	35	155	237	261.5	6	42	1/2	225	60	140	86	60	20	23	200	117	160	M24 x 1.5	25	56	41.5	M56 x 2	M20 x 2.5	41	49

SMC

E

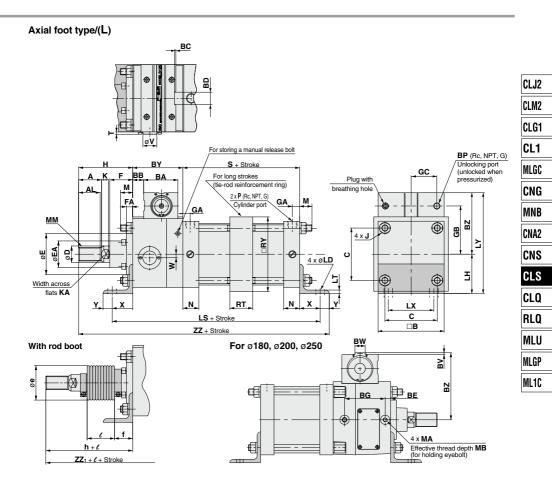
					(mm)
Bore size (mm)	Ρ	s	т	٧	w	zz
125	1/2	98	5	30	-	345
140	1/2	98	5	30	8	345
160	3/4	106	5	30	9	388.5
180	3/4	111	-	—	—	448
200	3/4	111	—	-	-	468
250	1	141	—	-	-	579.5

ZZ1 + ℓ + Stroke

With R	With Rod Boot (mm)											
Bore size (mm)	Stroke range (mm)	е	fh l		ZZı							
125	30 to 1000	75	40	133	0.2 stroke	368						
140	30 to 1000	75	40	133	0.2 stroke	368						
160	30 to 1200	75	40	141	0.2 stroke	409.5						
180	30 to 1200	85	45	153	0.2 stroke	466						
200	30 to 1200	90	45	153	0.2 stroke	486						
250	30 to 1200	105	55	176	0.17 stroke	595.5						

With Auto Switch (mm)											
Bore size (mm)	Stroke range (mm)	s	Without rod boot ZZ	With rod boot ZZ1							
125	Up to 1000	98	345	368							
140	Up to 1000	98	345	368							
160	Up to 1200	106	388.5	409.5							
180	Up to 1200	115	452	470							
200	Up to 998	120	477	495							

Ø



																																			1)	mm)
Bore size (mm)	Stroke range (mm)	Long stroke rånge (mm)	A	AL	в	ва	вв	вс	BD	BE	ВG	ΒY	вz	вν	вw	BP	с	D	Е	EA	F	FA	GA	GB	GC	н	J	к	KA	LD	LH	LS	LT	LX	LY	м
125	Up to 1400	1401 to 1600	50	47	145	75	18	—	-	—	—	110	136	—	-	1/4	115	36	90	59	43	14	16	107	58	110	M14 x 1.5	15	31	19	85	298	8	100	221	27
140	Up to 1400	1401 to 1600	50	47	161	78	18	3	30		—	110	146	—	—	1/4	128	36	90	59	43	14	16	114	64	110	M14 x 1.5	15	31	19	100	298	9	112	246	27
160	Up to 1400	1401 to 1600	56	53	182	95	23	5	46	Ι	—	132	169	—	-	1/4	144	40	90	59	43	14	18.5	130	74	120	M16 x 1.5	17	36	19	106	338	9	118	275	30.5
180	Up to 1800	1801 to 2000	63	60	204	106	36	—	-	16	118	167	195	5	30	3/8	162	45	115	70	48	17	18.5	149	86	135	M18 x 1.5	20	41	24	125	398	10	132	320	35
200	Up to 1800	1801 to 2000	63	60	226	124	40.5	—	-	21	131	187	216	5.5	34	3/8	182	50	115	74	48	17	18.5	165	97	135	M20 x 1.5	20	46	24	132	418	10	150	348	35
250	Up to 2000	2001 to 2400	71	67	277	152	58	—	-	35	155	237	261.5	6	42	1/2	225	60	140	86	60	20	23	200	117	160	M24 x 1.5	25	56	29	160	538	12	180	421.5	41.5

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	/ 100	1 M24 X	(1.5	25	30	29	10	0 330	12	100 42	1.3 41.3
(mm)	,	Wi	th A	۱ut	io S	św	itch	1		(mm)
	ZZ₁			e size nm)	ra	troke ange mm)		s	LS	Without rod boot ZZ	With rod boot ZZ1
ke	406		1	25	Up	to 140	00	98	298	383	406
ke	416		1	40	Up	to 140	00	98	298	393	416
ke	454		1	60	Up	to 140	00	106	338	433	454
ke	521		1	80	Up	to 150	00	115	402	507	525
ke	541		2	00	Up	to 99	98	120	427	532	550
oke	674										

With R	od Bo	ot			(mı
Bore size (mm)	Stroke range (mm)	е	f	h	l	z
125	30 to 1400	75	40	133	0.2 stroke	4(
140	30 to 1400	75	40	133	0.2 stroke	4
160	30 to 1400	75	40	141	0.2 stroke	4
180	30 to 1800	85	45	153	0.2 stroke	54
200	30 to 1800	90	45	153	0.2 stroke	54
250	30 to 2000	105	55	176	0.17 stroke	6

													6	
Bore size (mm)	ММ	МА	мв	N	Ρ	RT	RY	s	т	v	w	x	Y	zz
125	M30 x 1.5	-	—	35	1/2	36	164	98	5	30	—	45	20	383
140	M30 x 1.5	-	-	35	1/2	36	184	98	5	30	8	45	30	393
160	M36 x 1.5	-	-	39	3/4	45	204	106	5	30	9	50	25	433
180	M40 x 1.5	M12 x 1.75	25	39	3/4	45	228	111	—	-	-	60	30	503
200	M45 x 1.5	M16 x 2	31	39	3/4	45	257	111	—			60	30	523
250	M56 x 2	M20 x 2.5	41	49	1	55	325	141	-	-	-	80	40	658

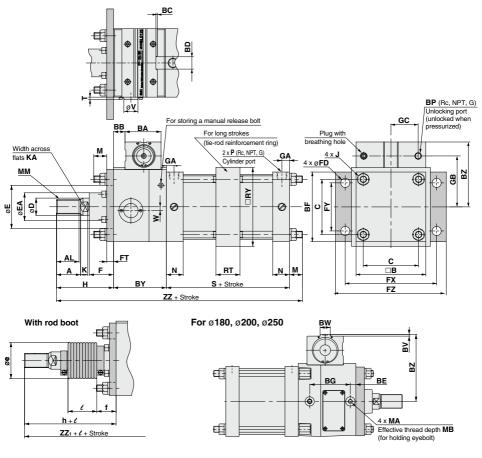
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CLS Series

Dimensions

Rod flange type/(F)



																																		(I	mm)
Bore size (mm)	Stroke range (mm)	Long stroke range (mm)		AL	в	ва	вв	вс	вD	BE	BG	BF	ВΥ	вz	вν	вw	ΒР	с	D	E	EA	F	FD	FT	FX	FY	FZ	GA	GВ	GC	н	J	к	KA	м
125	Up to 1400	1401 to 1600	50	47	145	75	18	—	—	—	—	145	110	136	—	—	1/4	115	36	90	59	43	19	14	190	100	230	16	107	58	110	M14 x 1.5	15	31	19
140	Up to 1400	1401 to 1600	50	47	161	78	18	3	30	-	-	160	110	146	-	—	1/4	128	36	90	59	43	19	20	212	112	255	16	114	64	110	M14 x 1.5	15	31	19
160	Up to 1400	1401 to 1600	56	53	182	95	23	5	46	-	—	180	132	169	—	—	1/4	144	40	90	59	43	19	20	236	118	275	18.5	130	74	120	M16 x 1.5	17	36	22
180	Up to 1800	1801 to 2000	63	60	204	106	36	—	—	16	118	200	167	195	5	30	3/8	162	45	115	70	48	24	25	265	132	320	18.5	149	86	135	M18 x 1.5	20	41	26
200	Up to 1800	1801 to 2000	63	60	226	124	40.5	-	-	21	131	225	187	216	5.5	34	3/8	182	50	115	74	48	24	25	280	150	335	18.5	165	97	135	M20 x 1.5	20	46	26
250	Up to 2000	2001 to 2400	71	67	277	152	58	—	—	35	155	275	237	261.5	6	42	1/2	225	60	140	86	60	29	30	355	180	420	23	200	117	160	M24 x 1.5	25	56	30

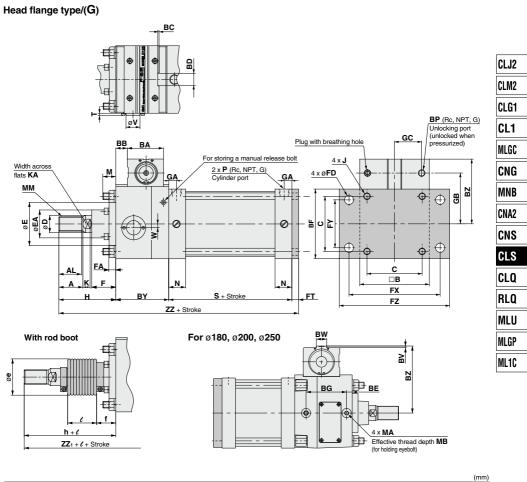
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											(1	mm)
Bore size (mm)	ММ	МА	мв	N	Ρ	RT	RY	s	т	v	w	zz
125	M30 x 1.5	-	-	35	1/2	36	164	98	5	30	—	337
140	M30 x 1.5	-	-	35	1/2	36	184	98	5	30	8	337
160	M36 x 1.5	-	—	39	3/4	45	204	106	5	30	9	380
180	M40 x 1.5	M12 x 1.75	25	39	3/4	45	228	111	-	—	—	439
200	M45 x 1.5	M16 x 2	31	39	3/4	45	257	111	-	-	-	459
250	M56 x 2	M20 x 2.5	41	49	1	55	325	141	-	—	—	568

With R	od Bo	ot			(mm)
Bore size (mm)	Stroke range (mm)	е	f	h	l	ZZ1
125	30 to 1400	75	40	133	0.2 stroke	360
140	30 to 1400	75	40	133	0.2 stroke	360
160	30 to 1400	75	40	141	0.2 stroke	401
180	30 to 1800	85	45	153	0.2 stroke	457
200	30 to 1800	90	45	153	0.2 stroke	477
250	30 to 2000	105	55	176	0.17 stroke	584

With A	With Auto Switch (mm)													
Bore size (mm)	Stroke range (mm)	s	Without rod boot ZZ	With rod boot ZZ1										
125	Up to 1400	98	337	360										
140	Up to 1400	98	337	360										
160	Up to 1400	106	380	401										
180	Up to 1500	115	443	461										
200	Up to 998	120	468	486										

Cylinder with Lock Double Acting, Single Rod **CLS** Series



Bore size (mm)	Stroke range (mm)	A	AL	в	ва	вв	вс	вD	BE	BG	BF	вγ	вz	вv	вw	ΒР	с	D	Е	EA	F	FA	FD	FT	FX	FY	FZ	GA	GВ	GC	н	J	к	KA	м
125	Up to 1000	50	47	145	75	18	—	—	—		145	110	136	-	—	1/4	115	36	90	59	43	14	19	14	190	100	230	16	107	58	110	M14 x 1.5	15	31	19
140	Up to 1000	50	47	161	78	18	3	30	—		160	110	146	-	—	1/4	128	36	90	59	43	14	19	20	212	112	255	16	114	64	110	M14 x 1.5	15	31	19
160	Up to 1200	56	53	182	95	23	5	46	-		180	132	169	-	-	1/4	144	40	90	59	43	14	19	20	236	118	275	18.5	130	74	120	M16 x 1.5	17	36	22
180	Up to 1200	63	60	204	106	36	-	—	16	118	200	167	195	5	30	3/8	162	45	115	70	48	17	24	25	265	132	320	18.5	149	86	135	M18 x 1.5	20	41	26
200	Up to 1200	63	60	226	124	40.5	-	-	21	131	225	187	216	5.5	34	3/8	182	50	115	74	48	17	24	25	280	150	335	18.5	165	97	135	M20 x 1.5	20	46	26
250	Up to 1200	71	67	277	152	58	—	—	35	155	275	237	261.5	6	42	1/2	225	60	140	86	60	20	29	30	355	180	420	23	200	117	160	M24 x 1.5	25	56	30

									(1	mm)
Bore size (mm)	мм	МА	мв	N	Ρ	s	т	v	w	zz
125	M30 x 1.5	—	—	35	1/2	98	5	30	-	332
140	M30 x 1.5	—	-	35	1/2	98	5	30	8	338
160	M36 x 1.5	-	—	39	3/4	106	5	30	9	378
180	M40 x 1.5	M12 x 1.75	25	39	3/4	111		—	—	438
200	M45 x 1.5	M16 x 2	31	39	3/4	111		-	-	458
250	M56 x 2	M20 x 2.5	41	49	1	141	—	-	-	568

With R	od Bo	ot			(mm)
Bore size (mm)	Stroke range (mm)	е	f	h	l	ZZ1
125	30 to 1000	75	40	133	0.2 stroke	355
140	30 to 1000	75	40	133	0.2 stroke	361
160	30 to 1200	75	40	141	0.2 stroke	399
180	30 to 1200	85	45	153	0.2 stroke	456
200	30 to 1200	90	45	153	0.2 stroke	476
250	30 to 1200	105	55	176	0.17 stroke	584

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With A	With Auto Switch (mm)													
Bore size (mm)	Stroke range (mm)	s	Without rod boot	With rod boot ZZ1										
125	Up to 1000	98	332	355										
140	Up to 1000	98	338	361										
160	Up to 1200	106	378	399										
180	Up to 1200	115	442	460										
200	Up to 998	120	467	485										

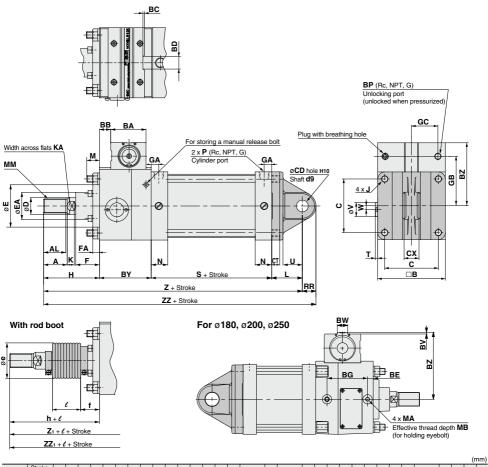


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CLS Series

Dimensions

Single clevis type/(C)



Bore size (mm)	Stroke range (mm)	A	AL	в	ва	вв	вс	вD	BE	BG	вү	вz	вν	вw	ΒР	с	CDH10	ст	сх	D	Е	EA	F	FA	GA	GB	GC	н	J	к	KA	L	м
125	Up to 1000	50	47	145	75	18	—	-	—		110	136	-	—	1/4	115	25 ^{+0.084}	17	32 -0.1	36	90	59	43	14	16	107	58	110	M14 x 1.5	15	31	65	19
140	Up to 1000	50	47	161	78	18	3	30	—		110	146	-	—	1/4	128	28 ^{+0.084}	17	36 -0.1	36	90	59	43	14	16	114	64	110	M14 x 1.5	15	31	75	19
160	Up to 1200	56	53	182	95	23	5	46	-		132	169	-	_	1/4	144	32 ^{+0.100}	20	40 -0.1	40	90	59	43	14	18.5	130	74	120	M16 x 1.5	17	36	80	22
180	Up to 1200	63	60	204	106	36	—	—	16	118	167	195	5	30	3/8	162	40 +0.100	23	50 ^{-0.1} -0.3	45	115	70	48	17	18.5	149	86	135	M18 x 1.5	20	41	90	26
200	Up to 1200	63	60	226	124	40.5	—	-	21	131	187	216	5.5	34	3/8	182	40 +0.100	25	50 ^{-0.1} -0.3	50	115	74	48	17	18.5	165	97	135	M20 x 1.5	20	46	90	26
250	Up to 1200	71	67	277	152	58	—		35	155	237	261.5	6	42	1/2	225	50 ^{+0.100}	30	63 ^{-0.1} -0.3	60	140	86	60	20	23	200	117	160	M24 x 1.5	25	56	110	30

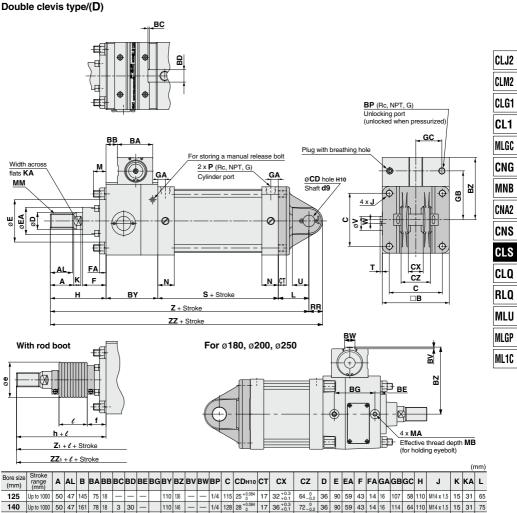
												1)	mm)
Bore size (mm)	мм	MA	мв	N	Ρ	RR	s	т	U	v	w	z	zz
125	M30 x 1.5	-	—	35	1/2	29	98	5	35	30	—	383	412
140	M30 x 1.5	—	-	35	1/2	32	98	5	40	30	8	393	425
160	M36 x 1.5	-	-	39	3/4	36	106	5	45	30	9	438	474
180	M40 x 1.5	M12 x 1.75	25	39	3/4	44	111	—	50	—	-	503	547
200	M45 x 1.5	M16 x 2	31	39	3/4	44	111	-	50	-	-	523	567
250	M56 x 2	M20 x 2.5	41	49	1	55	141	-	65	—	—	648	703

With R	od Bo	ot				(mm)
Bore size (mm)	Stroke range (mm)	е	f	h	l	Zı	ZZı
125	30 to 1000	75	40	133	0.2 stroke	406	435
140	30 to 1000	75	40	133	0.2 stroke	416	448
160	30 to 1200	75	40	141	0.2 stroke	459	495
180	30 to 1200	85	45	153	0.2 stroke	521	565
200	30 to 1200	90	45	153	0.2 stroke	541	585
250	30 to 1200	105	55	176	0.17 stroke	664	719

With A	uto Sv	vitc	h		(1	mm)
Bore size (mm)	Stroke range (mm)	s		hout boot		
125	Up to 1000	98	383		406	435
140	Up to 1000	98	393	425	416	448
160	Up to 1200	106	438	474	459	495
180	Up to 1200	115	507	551	525	569
200	Up to 998	120	532	576	550	594

90





																	0		++0.1													÷.	
140	Up to 1000	50	47	161	78	18	3	30	-		110	146	-	-	1/4	128	28 ^{+0.084}	17	36 +0.3	72_0.2	36	90	59	43	14	16	114	64	110	M14 x 1.5	15	31	75
160	Up to 1200	56	53	182	95	23	5	46	-		132	169	—	-	1/4	144	32 +0.100	20	40 +0.3	80_0.2	40	90	59	43	14	18.5	130	74	120	M16 x 1.5	17	36	80
180	Up to 1200	63	60	204	106	36	-	-	16	118	167	195	5	30	3/8	162	40 +0.100	23	50 ^{+0.3} _{+0.1}	$100 \substack{-0.1 \\ -0.3}$	45	115	70	48	17	18.5	149	86	135	M18 x 1.5	20	41	90
200	Up to 1200	63	60	226	124	40.5	-	-	21	131	187	216	5.5	34	3/8	182	40 +0.100	25	50 +0.3	100_0.3	50	115	74	48	17	18.5	165	97	135	M20 x 1.5	20	46	90
250	Up to 1200	71	67	277	152	58	—	-	35	155	237	261.5	6	42	1/2	225	50 ^{+0.100}	30	63 ^{+0.3} _{+0.1}	$126 \substack{-0.1 \\ -0.3}$	60	140	86	60	20	23	200	117	160	M24 x 1.5	25	56	110
														(r	nm)	N	/ith Ro						(m	nm)	W	/ith			-	tch		(nm)
Bore size	MM		MR	м	м	N	Ы	BB	6	тİ		v	w	7	77	B		Stro		f h	1		7	77.	Bo	re siz		Strok		C rod b	out	Wi rod b	th boot

	e size im)	М	MA	мв	мм	Ν	Р	RR	s	т	U	v	w	z	zz
12	25	19	—	-	M30 x 1.5	35	1/2	29	98	5	35	30	—	383	412
14	10	19	—	—	M30 x 1.5	35	1/2	32	98	5	40	30	8	393	425
16	50	22	—	-	M36 x 1.5	39	3/4	36	106	5	45	30	9	438	474
18	30	26	M12 x 1.75	25	M40 x 1.5	39	3/4	44	111	-	50	—	-	503	547
20	00	26	M16 x 2	31	M45 x 1.5	39	3/4	44	111	_	50	—	—	523	567
25	50	30	M20 x 2.5	41	M56 x 2	49	1	55	141	—	65	—	—	648	703

Vith R	od Bo	ot				(1	mm)
Bore size (mm)	Stroke range (mm)	е	f	h	l	Zı	ZZ₁
125	30 to 1000	75	40	133	0.2 stroke	406	435
140	30 to 1000	75	40	133	0.2 stroke	416	448
160	30 to 1200	75	40	141	0.2 stroke	459	495
180	30 to 1200	85	45	153	0.2 stroke	521	565
200	30 to 1200	90	45	153	0.2 stroke	541	585
250	30 to 1200	105	55	176	0.17 stroke	664	719

With A	With Auto Switch (mm)														
Bore size (mm)	Stroke range (mm)	s	rod	hout boot	rod	ith boot									
125	Up to 1000	98	383			435									
140	Up to 1000	98	393	425	416	448									
160	Up to 1200	106	438	474	459	495									
180	Up to 1200	115	507	551	525	569									
200	Up to 998	120	532	576	550	594									

* Clevis pins and cotter pins are included.

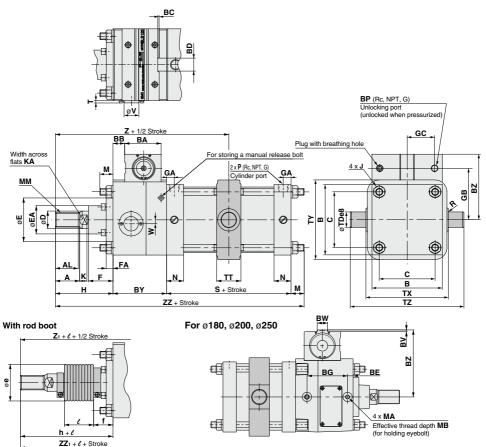
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CLS Series

Dimensions

Center trunnion type/(T)



																																	(I	nm)
Bore size (mm)	Stroke range (mm)	A	AL	в	ва	вв	вс	вD	BE	BG	ΒY	вz	вν	вw	BP	с	D	Е	EA	F	FA	GA	GВ	GC	н	J	к	KA	м	мм	МА	мв	N	Р
125	25 to 1000	50	47	145	75	18	-	-	—		110	136	-	—	1/4	115	36	90	59	43	14	16	107	58	110	M14 x 1.5	15	31	19	M30 x 1.5	-	—	35	1/2
140	30 to 1000	50	47	161	78	18	3	30	—		110	146	-	-	1/4	128	36	90	59	43	14	16	114	64	110	M14 x 1.5	15	31	19	M30 x 1.5		-	35	1/2
160	35 to 1200	56	53	182	95	23	5	46	-		132	169	-	-	1/4	144	40	90	59	43	14	18.5	130	74	120	M16 x 1.5	17	36	22	M36 x 1.5	-	-	39	3/4
180	30 to 1200	63	60	204	106	36	-	-	16	118	167	195	5	30	3/8	162	45	115	70	48	17	18.5	149	86	135	M18 x 1.5	20	41	26	M40 x 1.5	M12 x 1.75	25	39	3/4
200	30 to 1200	63	60	226	124	40.5	-	-	21	131	187	216	5.5	34	3/8	182	50	115	74	48	17	18.5	165	97	135	M20 x 1.5	20	46	26	M45 x 1.5	M16 x 2	31	39	3/4
250	30 to 1200	71	67	277	152	58	-	-	35	155	237	261.5	6	42	1/2	225	60	140	86	60	20	23	200	117	160	M24 x 1.5	25	56	30	M56 x 2	M20 x 2.5	41	49	1

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											ų	11111)
Bore size (mm)	R	s	т	TDe8	тт	тх	тγ	тz	v	w	z	zz
125	1	98	5	32 ^{-0.050} -0.089	50	170	164	234	30	—	269	337
140	1.5	98	5	36 ^{-0.050}	55	190	184	262	30	8	269	337
160	1.5	106		40 ^{-0.050} -0.089	60	212	204	292	30	9	305	380
180	2	111	-	45-0.050	59	236	228	326	-	-	357.5	439
200	2	111		45 ^{-0.050} -0.089	59	265	257	355		—	377.5	459
250	3	141	—	56 ^{-0.060}	69	335	325	447	—	—	467.5	568

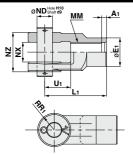
With R	od Bo	ot				(1	mm)
Bore size (mm)	Stroke range (mm)	е	f	h	l	Zı	ZZ₁
125	30 to 1000	75	40	133	0.2 stroke	292	360
140	30 to 1000	75	40	133	0.2 stroke	292	360
160	30 to 1200	75	40	141	0.2 stroke	326	401
180	30 to 1200	85	45	153	0.2 stroke	375.5	457
200	30 to 1200	90	45	153	0.2 stroke	395.5	477
250	30 to 1200	105	55	176	0.17 stroke	483.5	584

With A	uto Sv	vitc	h		(mm)
Bore size (mm)	Stroke range (mm)	s	With rod		W rod Z1	ith boot ZZ1
125	Up to 1000	98	269	337	292	360
140	Up to 1000	98	269	337	292	360
160	Up to 1200	106	305	380	326	401
180	Up to 1200	115	359.5	443	377.5	461
200	Up to 998	120	382	468	400	486

(mm)

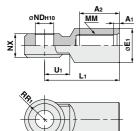
CLS Series **Accessory Dimensions 1**

Y Type Double Knuckle Joint



Material	: Cast iron									(mm)	CLJ2
Model	Applicable bore size (mm)	A 1	E1	L1	мм	NDH10	NX	NZ	RR1	U1	CLM2
Y-12	125	8	46	100	M30 x 1.5	25 ^{+0.084}	32 ^{+0.3}	64-0.1	27	42	CLG1
Y-14	140	8	48	105	M30 x 1.5	28 ^{+0.084}	36 ^{+0.3}	72-0.1	30	47	ULUI
Y-16	160	8	55	110	M36 x 1.5	32 ^{+0.1}	40 ^{+0.3}	80_0.3	34	46	CL1
Y-18	180	8	70	125	M40 x 1.5	40 ^{+0.1}	50 ^{+0.3}	100-0.1	42.5	54	
Y-20	200	8	70	125	M45 x 1.5	40 ^{+0.1}	50 ^{+0.3}	100-0.1	42.5	54	MLGC
Y-25	250	9	86	160	M56 x 2	50 ^{+0.1}	63 ^{+0.3}	126-0.1	53	81	INILUU
Knuckle	e pins and cotter p	ins are	include	d.							CNG

I Type Single Knuckle Joint

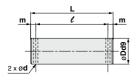


terial: Ca	ist iron									(mi
Model	Applicable bore size (mm)	A 1	A 2	E1	L1	мм	NDH10	NX	RR1	Uı
I-12	125	8	54	46	100	M30 x 1.5	25 ^{*0.084}	32 ^{-0.1}	27	33
I-14	140	8	54	48	105	M30 x 1.5	28 ^{+0.084}	36 ^{-0.1}	30	39
I-16	160	8	60	55	110	M36 x 1.5	32 ^{+0.1}	40_0.3	34	39
I-18	180	8	67	70	125	M40 x 1.5	40 ^{*0.1}	50 ^{-0.1} -0.3	42.5	44
I-20	200	8	67	70	125	M45 x 1.5	40 ^{*0.1}	50 ^{-0.1} -0.3	42.5	44
I-25	250	9	75.5	86	160	M56 x 2	50 ^{+0.1}	63 ^{-0.1}	53	66

CNA2 CNS CLS CLQ RLQ MLU MLGP ML1C

MNB

Clevis Pin/Knuckle Pin

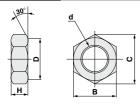


Material:	Carbon	steel

Material: Carl	oon steel						(mm)
Model	Applicable bore size (mm)	d (drill through)	Dd9	L	l	m	Cotter pin
IY-12	125	4	25 ^{-0.065} -0.117	79.5	69.5	5	Ø4 x 40 L
IY-14	140	4	28 ^{-0.065} -0.117	86.5	76.5	5	Ø4 x 40 L
IY-16	160	4	32 ^{-0.080} -0.142	94.5	84.5	5	Ø4 x 40 L
IY-18	180, 200	4	40-0.142	115	105	5	Ø4 x 55 L
IY-25	250	5	50 ^{-0.080} -0.142	144	132	6	Ø5 x 65 L

* Cotter pins (2 pcs.) are included.

Rod End Nut

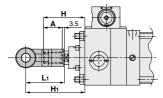


Material	: Rolled steel					(mm)
Model	Applicable bore size (mm)	d	н	в	с	D
NT-12	125, 140	M30 x 1.5	18	46	53.1	44
NT-16	160	M36 x 1.5	21	55	63.5	53
NT-18	180	M40 x 1.5	23	60	69.3	57
NT-20	200	M45 x 1.5	27	70	80.8	67
NT-25	250	M56 x 2	34	85	98.1	82



CLS Series Accessory Dimensions 2

Single/Double Knuckle Joint Mounting



						(mm)		
Symbol	н	Α	Lı	H1	Applicable knuckle joint part nos.			
Bore size (mm)	п	A	L1	n 1	I type single knuckle	Y type double knuckle		
125	110	50	100	156.5	I-12	Y-12		
140	110	50	105	161.5	I-14	Y-14		
160	120	56	110	170.5	I-16	Y-16		
180	135	63	125	193.5	I-18	Y-18		
200	135	63	125	193.5	I-20	Y-20		
250	160	71	160	245.5	I-25	Y-25		

A, H dimensions when single/ double knuckle joint and rod end nut are mounted together.

nut are mounted to	ogenier.	
Bore size (mm)	Α	Н
125	65	125
140	65	125
160	76	140
180	83	155
200	88	160
250	106	195

* Single knuckle joint and double knuckle joint should be used separately.

(Fasten by screwing completely into the rod end threads.)

* When using a single/double knuckle joint together with a rod end nut, the A and H dimensions should be extended.

(For extension of A and H dimensions, refer to the table above and specify with "Simple Specials -XA0" (page 1254).)

CLS Series **Auto Switch Mounting 1**

Auto Switch Proper Mounting Position (Detection at Stroke End) and Its Mounting Height

<Tie-rod mounting type>

D-Y590/Y690/Y7P/Y7PV/M90/M90V D-Y7 W/Y7 WV/M9 W/M9 WV

Auto switch

uto switch

Ŧ

XQIQX

(mm)

Approx. Hs

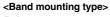
в

D-Z70/Z80/A90/A90V

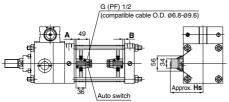
D-Y7BA/M9DA/M9DAV

D-A5□/A6□ **D-A59W**

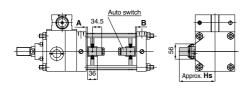
D-P3DWA



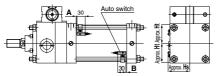
D-A3 D-G39/K39



D-A44



D-F5 /J59/D-F5NT D-F5 W/J59W D-F5BA/F59F



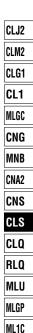
Auto Switch Proper Mounting Position

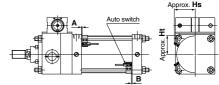
Auto switch model Bore size	D-M9 D-M9 D-M9 D-M9 D-M9 D-M9	□V □W □WV □A	D-AS D-AS		D-Y5 D-Y7P D-Y7 D-Y7	D-Z7 Z80 D-A5 D-Y5 Y6 D-A6 D-Y7 Y7 D-A3 D-Y7 W D-A44 D-Y7 W D-A44 D-Y7 W D-G39 D-Y7BA D-K39		D-A59W D-A59W D-J59W D-F5BA D-F55 D-J59 D-F59F		D-F5NT		D-P3DWA				
(mm)	Α	В	Α	В	Α	В	Α	В	Α	в	Α	В	Α	В	Α	в
125	8	8	4	4	1.5	1.5	0	0	2	2	4.5	4.5	9.5	9.5	3.5	3.5
140	8	8	4	4	1.5	1.5	0	0	2	2	4.5	4.5	9.5	9.5	3.5	3.5
160	8	8	4	4	1.5	1.5	0	0	2	2	4.5	4.5	9.5	9.5	3.5	3.5
180	13.5	12.5	9.5	7.5	7	5	3.5	1.5	7.5	5.5	10	8	15	13	9	7
200	16	14	12	10	9.5	7.5	6	4	10	8	12.5	10.5	17.5	15.5	11.5	9.5

* Figures in the table above are used as a reference when mounting the auto switches for stroke end detection. In the case of actually setting the auto switches, adjust them after confirming their operation.

Auto Switch Mounting Height

Auto Sw	itch N	lount	ting H	leight										(mm)
Auto switch model Bore size	D-M9 D-M9 D-M9 D-A9 D-A9	9⊡W 9⊡A 9⊡	D-M9 D-M9 D-M9	□WV	D-Z7 D-Y5 D-Y7F D-Y7F D-Y7 D-Y7 D-Y7	V V W	D-A3□ D-G39 D-K39	D-A44	D-A D-A D-A	60	D-F D-J D-F D-J D-F D-F D-F	59 5⊡W 59W 5BA 59F	D-P3	DWA
(mm)	Hs	Ht	Hs	Ht	Hs	Ht	Hs	Hs	Hs	Ht	Hs	Ht	Hs	Ht
125	69	69.5	71.5	69.5	69	69.5	116	126	75.5	69.5	74.5	70	76	69.5
140	76	76	77.5	76	76	76	124	134	81	76.5	80	76.5	82	76
160	85	85	86	85	85	85	134.5	144.5	89	87.5	88	87.5	91	85
180	95	95	95.5	95	95	95	144	154	97	97.5	96	97.5	100	95
200	106	106	106	106	106	106	154	164	107	108	107.5	108	111	106





D-🗆 -X

CLS Series Auto Switch Mounting 2

Minimum Stroke for Auto Switch Mounting

Auto switch		No of auto	Mounting brackets			Center trunnion type		lo. of auto switches (mm	
Auto switch model	sv	No. of auto switches mounted Mounting brackets other than center trunnion Ø125		a125	ø140	ø160	ø180	ø 200	
	_	cs. (Different surfaces,				0100		0200	
		ame surface), 1 pc.	15	105	110		115		
D-M9□ D-M9□W	F		$15 + 40 \frac{(n-2)}{2}$	$105 + 40 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$	110 + 40 (n-4) 2		115 + 40 (n-4) 2		
B month		"n" pcs.	15 + 40 2 (n - 2 4 6 9) Note 1)	105 + 40 2 (n - 4 9 12 16) Note 2)	(n = 4, 8, 12, 16) Note 2)		115 + 40 - 2	a 2)	
	2 ~	s. (Different surfaces,		(11 - 4, 0, 12, 10···) (400 2)	(11 - 4, 0, 12, 10) (vole 2)	(1	n = 4, 8, 12, 16…) ^{No}		
		ame surface), 1 pc.	10	80	85		90		
D-M9⊟V D-M9⊟WV	F		$10 + 30 \frac{(n-2)}{2}$	80 + 30 (n-4)	$85 + 30 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$		$90 + 30 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$		
		"n" pcs.				,		~ ?)	
	2.00	s. (Different surfaces,	(n = 2, 4, 6, 8) (Note 1)	(n = 4, 8, 12, 16) (Note 2)	(n = 4, 8, 12, 16) Note 2)	(1	n = 4, 8, 12, 16…) ^{No}		
		ame surface), 1 pc.	20	115		1	20		
D-M9□A	-	,, · p	(n-2)	(n-2)			(n-2)		
		"n" pcs.	$20 + 40 \frac{(n-2)}{2}$	115 + 40 (n-2) (n = 4, 8, 12, 16) Note 2)		120 + 4	40 (n-2) 2 Note 2)		
	2	s. (Different surfaces,				(n = 4, 8, 12			
		ame surface), 1 pc.	15	90			95		
D-M9□AV	F		45 oo (n-2)	00 00 (n-2)			n-2)		
		"n" pcs.	$15 + 30 \frac{(n-2)}{2}$	$90 + 30 \frac{(n-2)}{2}$		95 + 3	$30\frac{(n-2)}{2}$		
	2.5	Different ourferer	(II = 2, 4, 6, 8) Note 1)	(n = 4, 8, 12, 16) Note 2)		(n = 4, 8, 12	, 10····) ^{NUID 2)}		
		cs. (Different surfaces, ame surface), 1 pc.	15	100	105		110		
D-A9□	F	anio sundooj, i po.	4 m (n-2)	100 (n-4)	405 (n-4)		(n-4)		
		"n" pcs.	$15 + 40 \frac{(n-2)}{2}$	$100 + 40 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$	$105 + 40 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$		$110 + 40 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$		
	0	(D:#	(n = 2, 4, 6, 8) Note 1)	(n = 4, 8, 12, 16) Note 2)	(n = 4, 8, 12, 16) Note 2)	(1	n = 4, 8, 12, 16…) ^{No}	18 ZJ	
		cs. (Different surfaces, ame surface), 1 pc.	10	75	80		85		
D-A9⊡V	-	and sunace), 1 pc.	(n-2)	(n-4)	(n-4)				
		"n" pcs.	$10 + 30 \frac{(n-2)}{2}$	$75 + 30 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$	$80 + 30 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$		$85 + 30 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$		
			(n = 2, 4, 6, 8) Note 1)	(n = 4, 8, 12, 16) Note 2)	(n = 4, 8, 12, 16) Note 2)	(1	= 4, 8, 12, 16…) Note 2)		
D-A50/A60 D-A59W D-F50/J59 D-F50W	2 pc	cs. (Different surfaces,	25	125	1:	35	150		
D-F5□/J59 D-F5□W		ame surface), 1 pc.	(n-2)	(n_4)		(n-4)		(n-4)	
D-J59W D-F5BA D-F59F		"n" pcs.	$25 + 55 \frac{(n-2)}{2}$	125 + 55 (n-4) 2	135 + 5	5 <u>2</u>	150 +	55 <u>(n-4)</u>	
D-F59F		Same surface)	(n = 2, 4, 6, 8) Note 1)	(n = 4, 8, 12, 16) Note 2)	(n = 4, 8, 12,	, 16…) Note 2) (n = 4, 8, 1		2, 16…) Note 2)	
	2 pc	cs. (Different surfaces,	35	145	1	55		170	
D-F5NT		ame surface), 1 pc.	(n-2)	(n=4)				(n-4)	
		"n" pcs.	$35 + 55 \frac{(n-2)}{2}$	$145 + 55 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$	155 + 5	$55\frac{(n-4)}{2}$	170 +	$+ 55 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$	
		Same surface)		(n = 4, 8, 12, 16) Note 2)	(n = 4, 8, 12,	, 16…) ^{Note 2)}	(n = 4, 8, 1	2, 16…) Note 2)	
	ā	Different surfaces Same surface	35 100		11	10		150	
D-42	2		100 35 + 30 (n–2)		110 + 3	0 (n_2)		150 + 30 (n-2)	
D-A3□ D-G39	pcs.	Different surfaces	(n = 2, 3, 4, 5···)		(n = 2, 4, 6,	8) Note 1)		(n = 2, 4, 6, 8) Note 1	
D-K39			100 + 100 (n-2)		110 + 10			150 + 100 (n-2)	
	"n"	Same surface	(n = 2, 3, 4, 5···)		(n = 2, 4, 6,	8) Note 1)		(n = 2, 4, 6, 8) Note 1	
		1 pc.	15		11			150	
	pcs.	Different surfaces	35		11			150	
	2 p	Same surface	55						
	<i>"</i>	Different surfaces	35 + 30 (n-2)		110 + 3			150 + 30 (n-2)	
D-A44	, pcs.		(n = 2, 3, 4, 5···)		(n = 2, 4, 6,			(n = 2, 4, 6, 8) Note 1	
	"n"	Same surface	55 + 55 (n-2) (n = 2, 3, 4, 5…)		110 + 5 (n = 2, 4, 6,	0 (n-2) 8) Note 1)		150 + 50 (n-2) (n = 2, 4, 6, 8) Note 1	
		1 pc.	15			10		150	
D-Z7□	2 pc	s. (Different surfaces,				-			
D-Z80		ame surface), 1 pc.	15	105	110		115		
D-Y59□			$15 + 40 \frac{(n-2)}{2}$	$105 + 40 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$	$110 + 40 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$		$115 + 40 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$		
D-Y7P D-Y7⊡W		"n" pcs.		(n = 4, 8, 12, 16) Note 2)				e 2)	
	2 pr	s. (Different surfaces,							
D-Y69□		ame surface), 1 pc.	10	90	95	100			
			$10 + 30 \frac{(n-2)}{2}$	$90 + 30 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$	$95 + 30 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$	$100 + 30 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$			
D-Y7□WV		"n" pcs.	(n = 2, 4, 6, 8) Note 1)	(n = 4, 8, 12, 16) Note 2)	(n = 4, 8, 12, 16) Note 2)	(n = 4, 8, 12, 16) Note 2)			
	2 pc	s. (Different surfaces,							
		ame surface), 1 pc.	20	115	120	125 130			
D-Y7BA			20 + 45 (n-2)	115 + 45 (n-4)	120 + 45 (n-4)	125 + 45 (n-4)	1:30 -	45 <u>(n-4)</u>	
		"n" pcs.							
			(·· - 2, 4, 0, 0···)	(11 - 4, 0, 12, 10)	(11 = 4, 0, 12, 10····)·····	(11 = 4, 0, 12, 10····)	(n = 4, 8, 12, 16) Note 2) (n = 4, 8, 12, 16) Note 2)		
	2 ~	s (Different surfaces							
	2 pc ,S	cs. (Different surfaces, ame surface), 1 pc.	20	110	115		120		
D-P3DWA	2 pc S	ame surface), 1 pc.							
D-P3DWA	2 pc S	ame surface), 1 pc.	$20 + 50 \frac{(n-2)}{2}$	$\frac{110}{110 + 50 \frac{(n-4)}{2}}$ (n = 4, 8, 12, 16) Note 2)	115 + 50 (n-4)		$\frac{120}{120 + 50 \frac{(n-4)}{2}}$ n = 4, 8, 12, 16) No	e 2)	

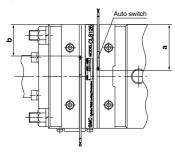
Note 1) When "n" is an odd number, an even number that is one larger than this odd number is used for the calculation. Note 2) When "n" is an odd number, a multiple of 4 that is larger than this odd number is used for the calculation.



Auto Switch Mounting CLS Series

Proper Mounting Positions for Lock Unit Auto Switches

The operating status (at the unlocked end) of the lock unit (brake piston) can be detected by a signal from the auto switch, which is mounted on the brake cylinder of the CLS series.



(mm) Auto switch D-M9N D-A90 model D-M9P D-A93 D-M9B Bore size а b а b 125 62 12 58 46 140 70.5 50.5 66.5 54.5 160 70.5 50.5 66.5 54.5 180 80.5 60.5 76.5 64.5 200 66 82 70 86 250 102 82 98 86

* Be sure to confirm operation after mounting

Auto Switch Mounting Bracket Part No.

(mm Bore size Auto switch model 125 140 160 180 200 D-M9□/M9□V D-M9 W/M9 WV 7 6.5 6.5 7 7 D-M9 A/M9 AV D-A90/A90V 12 12.5 11.5 12 12.5 D-Z70/Z80 14 14.5 13 14 14.5 D-A30/A44 10 10 10 10 10 D-A5□/A6□ D-A59W 17 17 17 17 17 D-Y590/Y690 D-Y7P/Y7PV 12 13 7 8 7.5 D-Y7 W/Y7 WV D-Y7BA D-F50/J59/F59F D-F5 W/J59W 5.5 5 5 6 6 D-F5BA/F5NT D-G39/K39 10 10 10 11 11 D-P3DWA 7 6 65 65 65

Operating Range

Since this is a guideline including hysteresis, not meant to be guaranteed (assuming approximately ±30% dispersion).

There may be the case to change substantially depending on an ambient environment

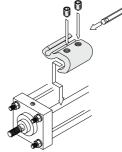
						CNA2
Auto switch model		Be	ore size (mr	n)		UNAL
Auto switch model	ø 125	ø 140	ø 160	ø 180	ø 200	CNS
D-M9□/M9□V						CNS
D-M9 W/M9 WV D-M9 A/M9 AV D-A9 /A9 V	BS5-125	BS5-125	BS5-160	BS5-180	BS5-200	CLS
D-A5□/A6□ D-A59W						CLQ
D-F5□/J59 D-F5□W/J59W	BT-12	BT-12	BT-16	BT-18A	BT-20	RLQ
D-F5BA D-F59F/F5NT						MLU
D-A3□/A44 D-G39/K39	BS1-125	BS1-140	BS1-160	BS1-180	BS1-200	MLGP
D-Z7□/Z80 D-Y5□/Y6□						ML1C
D-Y7P/Y7PV D-Y7□W/Y7□WV D-Y7BA	BS4-125	BS4-125	BS4-160	BS4-180	BS4-200	
D-P3DWA	BS7-125S	BS7-125S	BS7-160S	BS7-180S	BS7-200S	

[Mounting screw set made of stainless steel]

The following set of mounting screws made of stainless steel (including nuts) is available. Use it in accordance with the operating environment. (Please order the auto switch mounting bracket separately, since it is not included.) BBA1: For D-A5/A6/F5/J5 types

D-F5BA auto switch is set on the cylinder with the stainless steel screws above when shipped. When an auto switch is shipped independently, BBA1 is attached. Note 1) Refer to page 1233 for the details of BBA1.

Note 2) When using D-M9□A(V)/Y7BA, do not use the steel set screws which is included with the auto switch mounting brackets above (BS5-DDD, BS4-DDD). Order a stainless steel screw set (BBA1) separately, and select and use the M4 x 8L stainless steel set screws included in the BBA1.



 The above figure shows the mounting example of D-A9
 (V)/M9
 $M9 \Box A(V)$



CLJ2

CLM2

CLG1

CL1

MLGC

CNG

MNB



CLS Series Auto Switch Mounting 3

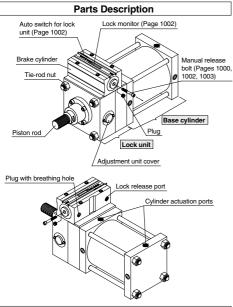
Auto switch type	Model	Electrical entry (Fetching direction)	Features	
Auto Switch type	D-A90V		Without indicator light	
	D-A93V, A96V	Grommet (Perpendicular)	- Minout maloutor light	
	D-Z73, Z76		· _	
Reed	D-A53, A56			
	D-A64, A67	Grommet (In-line)		
	D-Z80		Without indicator light	
	D-M9NV, M9PV, M9BV			
	D-Y69A, Y69B, Y7PV		_	
	D-M9NWV, M9PWV, M9BWV	Grommet (Perpendicular)	2-color indicator	
	D-Y7NWV, Y7PWV, Y7BWV			
	D-M9NAV, M9PAV, M9BAV		Water resistant (2-color indicato	
Solid state	D-F59, F5P, J59			
	D-Y59A, Y59B, Y7P		_	
	D-F59W, F5PW, J59W	Grommet (In-line)	2-color indicator	
	D-Y7NW, Y7PW, Y7BW	Giommer (m-ine)	2-color indicator	
	D-F5BA, Y7BA		Water resistant (2-color indicator	
	D-F5NT		With timer	

 Normally closed (NC = b contact) solid state auto switches (D-M9⊟E(V)/Y7G/Y7H) are also available. Refer to pages 1592-1 and 1139 for details. L



Be sure to read this before handling the products.

Refer to back page 50 for Safety Instructions and pages 3 to 12 for Actuator and Auto Switch Precautions.



Design of Equipment and Machinery

Warning

 Construct so that the human body will not come into direct contact with driven objects or the moving parts of the cylinder with brake.

Devise a safe structure by attaching protective covers that prevent direct contact with the human body, or in cases where there is a danger of contact, provide sensors or other devices to perform an emergency stop, etc., before contact occurs.

Use a balance circuit, taking cylinder lurching into consideration.

In cases such as an intermediate stop, where a lock is operated at a desired position within the stroke and air pressure is applied from only one side of the cylinder, the piston will lurch at high speed when the lock is released. In such situations, there is a danger of causing human injury by having hands or feet, etc., caught, and also a danger of causing damage to the equipment. In order to prevent this lurching, a balance circuit such as the recommended air pressure circuits (page 1001) should be used.

 When designing equipment and machinery, give consideration to clearance and mounting orientation so that manual release of the lock (using the manual release bolt) will be possible.



* Minimum Clearance for Manual Release (mm)		
Bore size (mm)	Clearance: m	
125	50	
140 160	60	
180	70	
200	80	
250	90	

@SMC

Selection

Warning

1. When in a locked condition, do not apply a load accompanied by an impact shock, strong vibration or turning force, etc.

Use caution, because an external action such as an impacting load, strong vibration or turning force, may damage the locking mechanism or reduce its life.

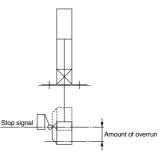
Consider stopping accuracy and the amount of overrun when an intermediate stop is performed.

Due to the nature of a mechanical lock, there is a momentary lag with respect to the stop signal, and a time delay occurs before stopping. The cylinder stroke resulting from this delay is the overrun amount. The difference between the maximum and minimum overrun amounts is the stopping accuracy.

- Place a limit switch before the desired stopping position, at a distance equal to the overrun amount.
- The limit switch must have a detection length (dog length) of the overrun amount + $\alpha.$
- SMC's auto switches have operating ranges from 8 to 14 mm (depending on the switch model). When the overrun amount exceeds this range, self-holding

of the contact should be performed at the switch load side.

Refer to page 983 regarding stopping accuracy.



In order to further improve stopping accuracy, the time from the stop signal to the operation of the lock should be shortened as much as possible.

To accomplish this, use a device such as a highly responsive electric control circuit or solenoid valve driven by direct current, and place the solenoid valve as close as possible to the cylinder.

Note that stopping accuracy will be influenced by changes in piston speed.

When piston speed changes during the course of the cylinder stroke due to variations in the load or disturbances, etc., the dispersion of stopping positions will increase. Therefore, consideration should be given to establishing a standard speed for the piston just before it reaches the stopping position.

Moreover, the dispersion of stopping positions will increase during the cushioned portion of the stroke and during the accelerating portion of the stroke after the start of operation, due to the large changes in piston speed.





Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to back page 50 for Safety Instructions and pages 3 to 12 for Actuator and Auto Switch Precautions.

Selection

A Warning

5. Holding force (maximum static load) means the maximum capability of holding a static load that is not accompanied by vibration or impact under the condition that no load is applied. Therefore, it does not refer to a load that cannot be held constantly.

Determine the optimum bore size which meets your application based on the model selection procedure. The procedures for Model Selection, assuming the intermediate stop application (including the emergency stop in operation), are shown on pages 980 and 981. Only when locking the cylinder in a condition where a kinetic energy is not applied, such as in a drop prevention application, the maximum load mass when using the lock should not exceed the upper limit of the load mass, according to the operating pressure, when the maximum speed is V = 100 mm/s in Graph 5 through 7 on page 981.

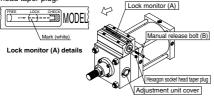
Mounting

\land Warning

1. Be certain to connect the piston rod end to the load with the lock released

If connected when in the locked condition, turning force or a load greater than the holding force may operate on the piston rod and cause damage to the lock mechanism. The CLS series is equipped with an emergency unlocking mechanism, however, the load should be connected to the piston rod end with the lock in the released condition. This can be accomplished manually or by simply connecting an air line to the unlocking port and supplying air pressure of 0.25 MPa or more.

- 2. The unit is shipped from the factory with the lock in the released condition. Since the lock will not operate in this condition, be sure to put it in the locked condition before operation, following the procedure given below.
 - (1) Remove the manual release bolt (B) using a hexagon wrench. (The manual release bolt can be removed easier by applying air pressure to the lock release port.)
 - (2) Confirm that the white mark on the lock monitor (A) is in the LOCK position.
 - (3) Plug the bolt insertion hole with the included hexagon socket head taper plug.



Manual Release Bolt Unit: mm Hexagon Socket Head Taper Plug Size

Bore size (mm)	Size	Bore size (mm)	Hexagon socket head taper plug
125	M6 x 1.0 x 35 L	125	Bc 1/4
140	M6 x 1.0 x 40 L	140	HC 1/4
160	M8 x 1.25 x 40 L	160	Rc 3/8
180	M10 x 1.5 x 50 L	180	Bc 1/2
200	M10 x 1.5 x 55 L	200	HC 1/2
250	M12 x 1.75 x 70 L	250	Rc 3/4
* Use a hexagon	socket head cap		

screw if the included manual release bolt is not available

1000

Mounting

A Warning

- 3. Remove the manual release bolt and attach it to the cylinder cover storage part. (The bolt is necessary at times of maintenance.)
- 4. Mount the cylinder after confirming that the lock is working correctly by applying or releasing air pressure to or from the lock release port. Apply air pressure (more than 0.25 MPa) to unlock the cylinder or release the air pressure (0 MPa) to lock the cylinder.
- 5. The adjustment screw inside the adjustment unit cover is set before shipment. Since any discrepancy in this adjustment can cause cylinder or lock malfunction, etc., never touch the screw.
- 6. When raising the unit, do not insert your hands or finaers.

As this is a heavyweight product, be sure to use caution. Screw holes for installing eyebolts are provided for ø180, ø200 and ø250. (Eyebolts are not included in the unit.)



∧ Caution

Do not apply an offset load to the piston rod.

Particular care should be taken to match the load's center of gravity with the center of the cylinder shaft. When there is a large discrepancy, the piston rod may be subjected to uneven wear or damage due to the inertial moment during locking stops.





O Load center of gravity and cylinder X Load center of gravity and cylinder shaft center are not matched

shaft center are matched.

* An offset load can be operated if there is an effective guide to absorb all of the generated moment.



Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to back page 50 for Safety Instructions and pages 3 to 12 for Actuator and Auto Switch Precautions.

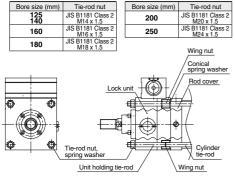
Mounting

A Caution

2. Cautions when using the base unit and when changing bracket positions, etc.

The lock unit and cylinder rod cover are assembled as shown in the drawing below. For this reason, it cannot be installed as in the case of common air cylinders, by using the basic type and screwing the cylinder tie-rods directly to machinery.

Furthermore, when brackets are replaced, the unit holding tierods may become loose and they should be retightened.



 When installing the cylinder to machinery, etc., secure enough clearance and consider the mounting direction for manual lock release (releasing with the manual release bolt).



* Minimum Clearance	for Manual Release	(mm)
Boro sizo (mm)	Cloaranco: m	

125	50
140 160	60
180	70
200	80
250	90
	140 160 180 200

Adjustment

A Caution

- 1. Adjust the cylinder's air balance. Balance the load by adjusting the air pressure in the front and rear sides of the cylinder with the load connected to the cylinder and the lock in a released condition. Lurching of the cylinder when unlocked can be prevented by carefully adjusting this air balance.
- Adjust the mounting positions of the detectors on auto switches, etc. When intermediate stops are to be performed, adjust the mounting positions of detectors on auto switches, etc., taking into consideration the overrun amount with respect to the desired stopping positions.
- 3. Do not open the cushion valve excessively. If the cushion valve is rotated excessively in the opening direction (counterclockwise), it could be damaged. Be aware that the valve could slip out, or the threads becomes too short.

Pneumatic Circuits

\land Warning

1. Be certain to use a pneumatic circuit which will apply balancing pressure to both sides of the piston when in a locked stop.

In order to prevent cylinder lurching when restarting or manually unlocking after a locked stop, a circuit should be used to apply balancing pressure to both sides of the piston, thereby canceling the force generated by the load in the direction of piston movement.

3. The effective area of the lock release solenoid valve should be at 25% of the effective area of the cylinder driving solenoid valve, and it should be installed as close to the cylinder as possible so that it is closer than the cylinder driving solenoid valve.

If the effective area of the lock release solenoid valve is excessively large, the brake piston will operate at a high speed, which may result in damage to the internal parts. However, if the effective area of the lock release solenoid valve is excessively small, or if the distance from the cylinder is too great, the time required to exhaust the air for releasing the lock will be longer, which may cause a delay in the locking operation. The delay in the locking operation may result in problems such as in crease of overrunning when performing intermediate stop or emergency stop during operation, or if maintaining position from the operation stop state such as drop prevention, workpiecees may be dropped depending on the timing of the load action to the operation delay of the lock.

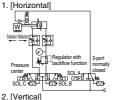
3. Avoid backflow of the exhaust pressure when there is a possibility of interference of exhaust air, for example for a common exhaust type valve manifold. The lock may not operate properly when the exhaust air pressure

backflows due to interference of the exhaust air when exhausting air for lock release. It is recommended to use an individual exhaust type manifold or individual valves.

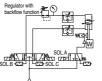
- 4. Allow at least 0.5 seconds from a locked stop (intermediate stop of the cylinder) until release of the lock. When the locked stop time is too short, the piston rod (and load) may lurch at a speed greater than the control speed of the speed controller.
- 5. When restarting, control the switching signal for the unlocking solenoid valve so that it acts before or at the same time as the cylinder drive solenoid valve. If the signal is delayed, the piston rod (and load) may lurch at a speed greater than the control speed of the speed controller.

6. Carefully check for dew condensation due to repeated air supply and exhaust of the locking solenoid valve. The operating stroke of the lock part is very small. So, if the piping is long and the air supply and exhaust are repeated, the dew condensation caused by the adiabatic expansion accumulates in the lock part. This may corride internal parts, causing air leak or lock release fault.

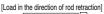
7. Basic circuits



[Load in the direction of rod extension]









The symbol for the cylinder with lock in the basic circuit uses SMC original symbol.

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-X□



Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to back page 50 for Safety Instructions and pages 3 to 12 for Actuator and Auto Switch Precautions.

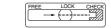
Lock Monitor

A Caution

The CLS series is equipped with a lock monitor on the lock unit. Use the lock monitor as a criterion to confirm the operating condition of the lock unit (brake piston) and the state of wear (life) of the brake shoe.

FREE	LOCK	CHECK
r		
Y		
Mark (w	(hite)	

Inlocked



Locked by operation of brake

* Please note that the position of the mark when locked varies somewhat from unit to unit

Brake shoe life

The position of the lock condition mark on the lock monitor gradually moves to the right side with wear of the shoe, etc. When the mark is half way

FREE	LOCK	CHECK
$ \Omega $	-=	(-50)

or more into the CHECK zone, this indicates that the brake shoe is near the end of its life. (The brake will not immediately become ineffective in this condition.)

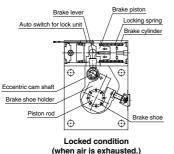
Auto Switch for Lock Unit

A Caution

- 1. By installing a switch on the brake cylinder of the CLS series, the operating condition (unlocked side) of the lock unit (brake piston) can be detected as a switch signal.
 - * The condition of the lock monitor and the detection signal from the lock unit auto switch do not directly confirm the locking condition at the piston rod, but confirm this indirectly from the position of the brake piston.

Lock unit mechanism

The spring force applied to the brake piston is transmitted and magnified through the lever, eccentric cam shaft and brake shoe holder, finally tightening on the piston rod via the brake shoe and locking the piston rod by means of their mutual frictional force



Manual Unlocking

A Warning

- 1. Never perform the manual unlocking operation (with the manual release bolt, etc.) until safety has been confirmed.
 - 1) If air pressure is applied to only one side of the cylinder when unlocking is performed, the moving parts of the cylinder may lurch at high speed causing a serious hazard.
 - 2) When unlocking is performed, be sure to confirm that personnel are not within the movement range of the load, and also that no problems will be caused if the load is actuated.
- 2. When unlocking in the case of loads which move up and down, take measures to assure that the load will not drop.
 - 1) Perform work with the load at its lowest position.
 - 2) Prevent dropping of the load by using a support or brace, etc.
 - 3) Verify that balanced pressure is applied to both sides of the piston.

A Caution

1. The CLS series manual release mechanism is an emergency unlocking mechanism only.

During an emergency when the air supply is cut off, it is used to alleviate a problem by forcibly pulling the brake piston back to release the lock.

2. In the case of large bore cylinders, even when the lock is released, operational resistance as shown in the table below is generated in a non-load state.

Bore size (mm)	125	140	160	180	200	250
Operational resistance (N)	962	1206	1576	1995	2463	3848

3. Care must be taken, because if the manual release bolt is screwed in only part way and air is supplied to the unlocking port, or it is changed from a supply to an exhaust state, the head of the manual release bolt may be ejected from the end of the brake cylinder or be pulled in creating a serious hazard.

Unlocking procedure using the manual release bolt

- 1. Remove the hexagon socket head taper plug which is on the same side as the brake cylinder adjustment unit cover.
- 2. Insert the manual release bolt (see table below) into the threads and screw it in clock-wise.
- 3. The lock is released by screwing in the manual release bolt until the white mark of the lock monitor on the top of the brake cylinder moves to the FREE position.

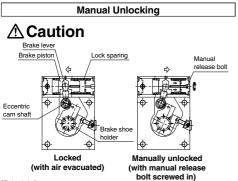
						Unit: mm
Bore size (mm)	125	140	160	180	200	250
Manual release bolt	M6 x 1.0 x 35 L	M6 x 1.0 x 40 L	M8 x 1.25 x 40 L	M10 x 1.5 x 50 L	M10 x 1.5 x 55 L	M12 x 1.75 x 70 L
Screw depth	30	32	35	40.5	45	55

* In case the manual release bolt is not available, use an appropriate hexagon socket head bolt (full thread) as shown above.

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Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to back page 50 for Safety Instructions and pages 3 to 12 for Actuator and Auto Switch Precautions.



[Principle]

When the manual release bolt is screwed clockwise, the brake piston is pulled back and the spring is compressed. This causes the lever to be returned, releasing the lock.

Operating Environment

A Caution

 In locations where the cylinder body will be directly exposed to cutting oil or coolant, etc., a cover or other protection should be provided for the cylinder body and rod.

Maintenance

A Caution

- 1. The operating condition of the lock unit (brake piston) can be confirmed externally by means of the lock monitor.
 - 1) When the lock monitor mark has moved half way or more into the CHECK zone

If used in this condition, the holding force will gradually decrease. If an operational problem is found in the course of checking the lock's operating condition, early replacement of the cylinder body or lock unit is necessary. Contact SMC regarding replacement of the lock unit.

- When the lock monitor mark moves into the CHECK zone prematurely Since there is a possibility of damage to the lock unit, consult
- with SMC after reviewing the method of operation.
 2. This cylinder is a non-lube type. Do not lubricate the cylinder or apply grease to the piston rod, as there is a danger of drastically reducing brake performance.
- When replacing seals in the base cylinder, it is recommended that the lock unit be separated from the base cylinder so that replacement work can be done on the cylinder alone. Refer to separate instructions for seal replacement.

4. Never disassemble the lock unit.

- A heavy duty spring is contained in part of the unit, which presents a serious hazard if disassembly is performed incorrectly.
- In addition, the lock unit is adjusted before shipment. If readjustment is not performed correctly after reassembly, a serious danger will be created, as performance will not meet specifications.

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